## LYRICS ALIGNMENT SYSTEMS SED1 AND SED2 FOR MIREX 2019

**Daniel Stoller** Queen Mary University of London d.stoller@qmul.ac.uk

**Simon Durand** Spotify durand@spotify.com

Sebastian Ewert Spotify sewert@spotify.com

## ABSTRACT

This article describes the systems "SED1" and "SED2" for the MIREX 2019 Automatic Lyrics Alignment Challenge. They are based on a modified Wave-U-Net architecture, which predicts character probabilities directly from raw audio using learnt multi-scale representations of the various signal components. There are no sub-modules whose interdependencies need to be optimized. Our training procedure is designed to work with weak, line-level annotations available in the real world, and achieves substantial performance improvements over all previous approaches evaluated at MIREX.

## 1. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The two submitted systems are exactly the ones presented in the paper "END-TO-END LYRICS ALIGNMENT FOR POLYPHONIC MUSIC US-AUDIO-TO-CHARACTER ING AN **RECOG-**NITION MODEL" [2]. The paper is accessible at https://arxiv.org/abs/1902.06797 and supplementary materials are available at https://sigport.org/documents/endend-lyrics-alignment-using-audiocharacter-recognition-model.

More specifically, the SED1 system is the main system presented in the paper (denoted as "Ours"), and uses an adapted version of the Wave-U-Net [3] to predict characters directly from the raw waveform of the music input, which is trained using a CTC loss.

The SED2 system is functionally equivalent to the SED1 system, but instead of using the polyphonic music directly as input, the accompaniment is first removed by a pre-trained singing voice separation system. The system is also explained in the paper (see "Discussion" section), and achieves a further improvement in alignment accuracy.

Note that the MIREX results can slightly vary from the ones obtained in the paper when evaluating on the Mauch dataset [1], since MIREX maintains its own version of the Mauch dataset that can differ slightly from the ones used by the authors.

 $\odot$ • © Daniel Stoller, Simon Durand, Sebastian Ewert. Licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0). Attribution: Daniel Stoller, Simon Durand, Sebastian Ewert. "Lyrics alignment systems SED1 and SED2 for MIREX 2019"

## 2. REFERENCES

- [1] Matthias Mauch, Hiromasa Fujihara, and Masataka Goto. Lyrics-to-audio alignment and phrase-level segmentation using incomplete internet-style chord annotations. In Proceedings of the Sound Music Computing Conference (SMC), pages 9-16, 2010.
- [2] Daniel Stoller, Simon Durand, and Sebastian Ewert. End-to-end Lyrics Alignment for Polyphonic Music Using An Audio-to-Character Recognition Model. In Proceedings of the IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech, and Signal Processing (ICASSP), Brighton, UK, 2019. IEEE.
- [3] Daniel Stoller, Sebastian Ewert, and Simon Dixon. Wave-U-Net: A Multi-Scale Neural Network for Endto-End Source Separation. In Proceedings of the International Society for Music Information Retrieval Conference (ISMIR), volume 19, pages 334-340, 2018.